Beekeeping Equipment

(Chapter Meeting Presentation Version)

Presenter:

Darryl Gabritsch

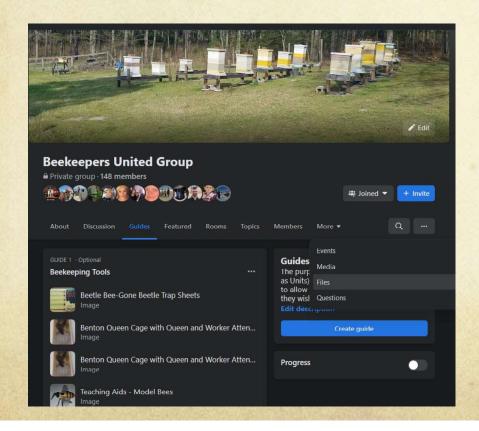
Master Beekeeper

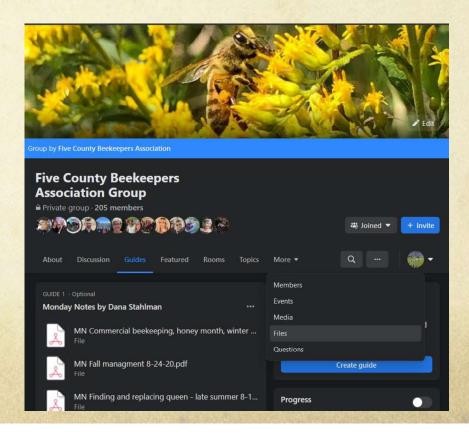
AGENDA

- Additional sources of information
- Books and guides
- Hive components
- Protective equipment
- Beekeeping tools
- Equipment for more advanced beekeepers
- Reminder: You don't have to get everything all at once!
- Strongly recommended items will be marked with *

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

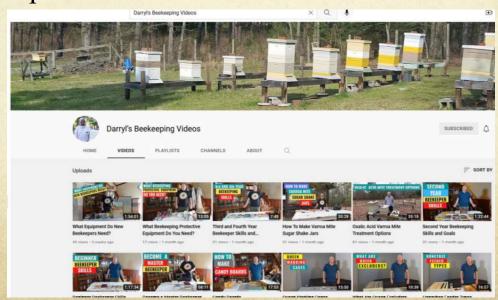
- Facebook groups
 - Beekeepers United Group
 - https://www.facebook.com/groups/BeekeepersUnitedGroup
 - Five County Beekeepers Association Group
 - https://www.facebook.com/groups/653967841714991
 - Look in the "Guides" and "Files" sections





ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- YouTube
 - Darryl's Beekeeping Videos
 - https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCX-Va2I_z4P-iNvM1DwOIjA
 - 1hr 57 min Beekeeping Equipment class
 - How to choose box size, frame size, feeders, etc.
 - How to assemble equipment
 - Beekeeping skills: 1st year, 2nd year, 3rd & 4th year skills
 - Master Beekeeper Program
 - · How to inspect a hive, how to use oxalic acid, etc



BOOKS AND GUIDES

- *The Hive and the Honey Bee by Dadant Publishing
 - 2015 edition
 - ISBN: 978-0-915698-16-5
- Beekeeping for Dummies by Howland Blackiston
 - Latest edition
 - ISBN-13: 978-1119702580
- First Lessons in Beekeeping by Keith S. Delaplane
 - ISBN-13: 978-0915698127
- * Beekeeping calendar
 - CALENDAR FOR BEEKEEPING IN CENTRAL NORTH CAROLINA by Nancy

Ruppert (now retired NCDA&CS Apiary Inspector)

- More books and references can be found (I have 115+ books)
 - In the Facebook Groups References Guide area
 - The Beekeeping Calendar can be found in the Files area







CALENDAR FOR BEEKEEPING IN CENTRAL NORTH CAROLINA
Nancy Rapport, Apiary Inspector, NCDA & CS.
Coopyright February 2013

This calender was designed for general beakeaping use in most of central North Carolina. Recommendation are based on average (intrall-leather conditions, and may vary with significant temperature changes. Those who manage lives for commercial operations may have different need included here due to peace limitations or consult mislable and uncurrent resources from alternation included here due to peace limitations or consult mislable and uncurrent resources from alternation has consulted and the consultant of the calendar subject to being updated as new information becomes available. Remember: bees other follows a different calendar then humans of the consultant consultant calendar subject to the consultant calendar subject to the consultant calendar subject to being updated as new information becomes available. Remember: bees other follows a different calendar then humans calendar subject to the consultant calendar subject to the calendar subject to the consultant calendar subject

January Add pollen

Add poten supprements, if needed, creck amount and location of noney stores, and ree (2:1 syrup or fondant) if <3/4 super of stored honey left.

Check/repair/replace stored equipment; order wax/wooden

Order nucs/package

Keep learning—bee school, read books journals, et

Combine or insulate smaller (less than 4 frames of bees) hives.

Combine hives where muse has failed if they're still alive and haven't abscorded

Move hives if they'll need to be relocated this year.

Sees may need help removing dead bodies and or heavy snow from entrance are

ebruary

ticeable pollen flow under way, especially red maple- > brood build-up intensifying.

mai if any nectar avariable—most nives need reeking (1.1 syrup in money stores very low (i.e., <1/2 super left)).

WARM MONTHS

- Telescoping top or Migratory top
- Ventilated inner cover (if used)
- Hive top feeder (if used)
- Honey supers
- Brood chambers (hive bodies)
- Slatted rack
- Solid or screened bottom board
- Sloped landing board stand
- Hive stand
- Metal dog bowl "moats" with water and veg. oil







COLD MONTHS

- Hive wrap (optional)
- Telescoping top or Migratory top
- Ventilated inner cover
- Quilt box
- Candy board
- Brood chambers (hive bodies)
- Slatted rack
- Wood entrance reducer
- Solid or screened bottom board
- Sloped landing board stand
- Hive stand
- Metal dog bowl "moats"





HIVE STANDS

- Purpose:
 - Protect wood and hive from ground moisture
 - Helps keep grass out of the hive
 - Helps bees fend off predators (skunks, racoons, dogs, etc.
- Types:
 - Bricks, blocks
 - Blocks with landscape timbers
 - 2"x6"x8'untreated wood with 4"x4" treated wood posts, plus 1"x2"x8' furring strip on top of rear 2"x6"x8' rail (gives hive forward slope)
 - Tip: Use hay string as strap anchor points
 - Single commercial stands







- *Sloped landing board stand
 - · Adds a porch for bees to land on
 - Optional, but suggested
- Solid bottom board
- Screened bottom board
 - With or without Integrated Pest Management (IPM) board
- *Slatted rack
 - Helps keep the hive cooler in hot months
 - Helps keep the hive warmer in cold months
 - Encourages the queen to lay lower on bottom frames

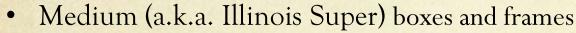






- New or used equipment?
 - New: More expensive, but less risk of disease
 - Used: Cheaper, but higher risk of disease (American Foulbrood)
- Assembled or unassembled?
 - Assembled: More expensive, but little to no tools required
 - Unassembled: Cheaper, but some tools required
- Painted or unpainted?
 - Painted: More expensive
 - Unpainted: Cheaper
 - Paint all OUTSIDE surfaces different box colors or pictures
 - Never paint inside surfaces, except 2" inside bottom board
 - Latex paint (exterior preferred, but interior works too), acrylic paint is also ok (provides hard finish)

- Frame and box dimensions vary by manufacturer...the bees don't care if it's not perfect!
- Deep boxes and frames
 - 95/8" high x 19 7/8" long x number of frames wide
 - Honey super or brood chamber
 - Uses 9 1/8" high frame
 - Holds 8 pounds honey / frame



- 6 5/8" high x 19 7/8" long x number of frames wide
- Honey super or brood chamber
- Uses 6 1/4" high frame
- 4 to 6 pounds honey / frame
- Shallow boxes and frames (it comes in two sizes)
 - 6 5/8" high x 19 7/8" long x number of frames wide
 - Uses 6 1/4" high frame
 - 5 7/8" or 5 11/16" high x 19 7/8" long x number of frames wide
 - Uses 5 3/8" high frame
 - Only good for honey (normally cut comb honey)
 - Not practical to use as brood chambers since the frames are shallow
 - 3.5 to 4 pounds honey / frame





- Plastic foundation or natural beeswax foundation?
- Starter strips vs full sheets?
- Plastic With or without beeswax coating
 - Has rigid cells
 - No support wires needed
 - Comes in yellow or black (black easier to see eggs some claim)
 - More expensive than natural beeswax
 - Harder to remove old / dark comb
 - Bees sometimes reject it and can abscond
- Natural beeswax
 - With or without metal support wires
 - You can cross wire it yourself (wire or fishline)
 - Spur embedder (get a small head) (wire)
 - Form board (used with wire cross wire)
 - Readily accepted by bees
 - Cheaper if bought in bulk 25 pounds (roughly 275 sheets)
 - Cell sizes
 - 5.4mm (most popular size)
 - 5.1mm (transition size)
 - 4.9mm (small cell size)
- Drone comb frames (green frame)







ols Used to embed horizontal wire into foundation Pictured Items:

A. Form board - Commercial supplier versions have a fourth dado out which is made for shallow frame that Int's widely used any more, so In my homemade version I don't have It.

B. Form board with a honey super placed on it. NOTE: Wipe mineral oil on the wood prior to using the form. The oil acts as a release agent to keep beeswax from sticking to the boar.

C. Cross wire dispensing [ig. Homemade item that has a wood wedge on top of the board to apply resistance to the wire spool.

D. Small head growed wire embedding tool (the best version). Large head embedding tools easily slip off the cross wire and don't have the groove in the tool head. Technique: I only use metal wire on hones; pose frames. Lises 15 pound fishing line cross wires for brood chamblers, so I can cut out queen cells if they happen to be on top of a horizontal wire. I then put this queen cell in an needy hin or make golfst with the queen cell.





- Syrup and water Feeders
 - Entrance (a.k.a. boardman feeder) & soda bottle entrance feeders
 - Division board feeder Get one with a cap and ladder system if you use this feeder
 - Hive top feeders
 - Single chamber vs two chamber (long axis slot vs short axis slot)
 - Screen & ladder system (Miller feeder) vs float system (Dadant feeder)
 - Jar, jug, or bucket type feeders
 - Community feeders











- Dry Feeders Pollen and/or loose granulated sugar
 - Commercial (blue shown is about \$155 from Mann Lake)
 - PVC pipe (about \$12 from Midnight Bee Supply)
 - Mountain camp (aluminum foil wrap placed on top of frames with loose sugar on it)
 - Candy board (emergency use)









PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

- Veil at a minimum
- Jacket
- Pants (tip: get suspenders too)
- Full Suit
- *Ventilated material
- Solid material
- Try on & buy at a local store
- Get 1 -2 sizes larger than you wear
- Avoid black and fuzzy material









PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

- Gloves or no gloves?
- Nitrile gloves
- Ventilated or unventilated goat skin gloves
- *Smoker
 - 4"x7" or 4"x10"
 - Get one with a finger guard
 - · Masks pheromones, drives bees away from your area
 - Fuel: Anything solid that burns except poisonous plants, animal poop, petroleum based, or chemical based fuel
 - OK: Pine straw: Works great!
 - OK: Raw cotton, wood chips
 - OK: Wood pellets
 - OK: Cardboard









PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) when using pesticides
- ALWAYS follow the product label!
 - Long sleeve shirt and pants
 - Acid resistant gloves
 - Goggles
 - Respirator mask (half face or full face) WITH particulate filter



MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT

- Beetle Blaster Trap
 - Fill ½ full with mineral oil







- Propolis trap
 - Collects clean propolis
 - Sell the propolis
 - Make tinctures, deodorant, etc.



- LED Flashlight (to spot eggs)
- Reading glasses (I use 1.5x glasses)
- Sweat head band if warm weather





- Tack hammer (Pittsburgh 7 oz from Harbor Freight)
- Nail kit



Nail Kit Pictured Items:

- Electronic parts storage box, any brand will do. I list the nails and purpose on the lid.
- B. 1 ¼" nails for frame assembly
- C. 5/8" nails to attach cleats to frames
- ¾" nails to put in the ends of frames (secures the top bar better)
- E. 7d (7 penny) nails to assemble hive bodies if I don't use 1 ½" pneumatic staples
- F. Grommet tools (most have been dipped in Plasti-dip coating to prevent rust)
- G. Hive staples
- H. Pens, Pencils, and markers to mark wood as needed
- I. Diagonal wire cutters to cut wires (mostly foundation support wires)
- J. Utility knife (mostly to trim off excess foundation to fit in a frame)
- K. Crimp wire groove spur embedder (small head is the best type)
- Foundation pins (plastic and metal versions) used to secure foundation instead of cross wiring (I don't use them any more since they don't always hold the foundation)
- M. Small, folding multi-tool (handy to have)
- Grommets (brass or aluminum) used to keep horizontal crimp wire from digging into the Frame end bars.



- Hive tool: *L-shape, *J-hook, or gadget type
 - Pry apart boxes & remove frames
 - · Remove excess propolis and burr comb or brace comb
 - Did you know? The hole is a nail puller!
 - Amazon is cheapest place = \$3 to \$5each vs \$11 at local store



- Frame perch
 - Holds 3 to 5 frames outside hive body
 - Can drop the queen if she is on it!
- *Spare hive body and telescoping top
 - Holds same # frames as your hive body
 - Can "isolate" the queen
 - Protects you from dropping the queen

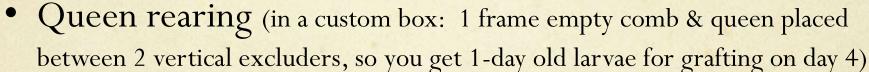






- Frame grips
 - Not needed for most beekeepers

- Queen excluders
 - Prevents a queen from moving to another box or area
 - Uses:
 - During a nectar flow
 - Splits (Doolittle method)
 - Swarm prevention (Demaree method)



- Metal, wood bound metal, or plastic
- Entrance protector version queen excluder
 - Virgins can still swarm!
- MUST remove during cold months







- *Imrie shim (about \$5 each)
 - Spacer
 - Uses:
 - If you need space between boxes
 - Emergency upper hive entrance for snow / flood
 - Queen introduction top of frames
 - Pesticide treatments
 - Apiguard
 - Formic Pro / MAQS
 - Pollen patty on top of frames
 - Suggest you get at least two Imrie shims!







- Inner cover
 - Used during cold months
 - Can be used with a Porter Bee Escape (honey removal)
 - Can be used with a jug feeder & box
 - Not needed if using:
 - Candy boards (I put 2 on each winter hive)
 - Quilt box
 - Notch up: Winter use
 - Notch down: With Porter Bee Escape
- *Ventilated inner cover
 - Used to add ventilation
 - Can pour syrup through it into hive top feeders (Bees are great fliers... horrible swimmers ©)







- *Bee brush
 - Synthetic hairs better than animal hair
 - Bees don't like animal hair
 - Used
 - Brush bees off frames or boxes
 - Can be used instead of bee escapes or fume boards
- Frame spacers
 - Same # frames as box
 - For brood chambers
 - One less # than box (10 Fr. to 9 spaces)
 - For honey supers







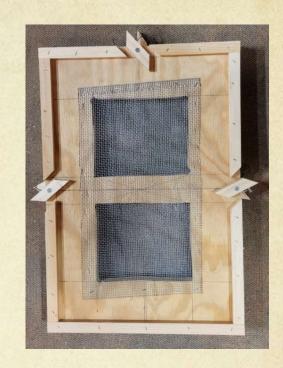


- Queen cages
 - Uses
 - Mark the queen
 - Temporarily detain the queen
 - *One-handed queen catcher is best
 - Use water based paint
 - Amazon is cheapest
 - Use international queen marking color
 - Will You Raise Good Bees
 - White: 1 or 6
 - Yellow: 2 or 7
 - Red: 3 or 8
 - Green: 4 or 9
 - Blue: 5 or 0





- Snelgrove board / double screen board
 - Invented by Leonard Snelgrove in 1934
 - Uses
 - Swarm prevention
 - Method 1 No queen cells found
 - Method 2 Queen cells found
 - Splits (version of the Doolittle method)
 - Keep a weak colony warm on top of a strong colony
- Modified Snelgrove board / double screen board
 - Does not have the six gate entrances
 - Typically has one open entrance
 - Same uses as the original Snelgrove board

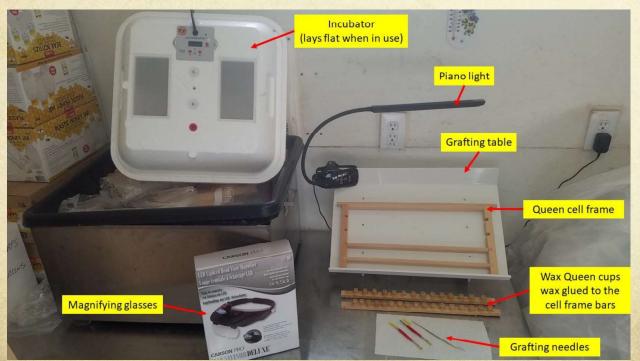


- Queen rearing
 - Doolittle method (grafting)
 - Natural beeswax queen cups
 - JZ-BZ queen cups
 - Nicot queen rearing system





Wax cups "glued" with beeswax as the glue









- Make your own woodenware Power tools area
 - Limited carpentry skills needed
 - Full article in Facebook Group in the Files section:
 - AHO Beekeeping Time and Money Saving Tips and Tools



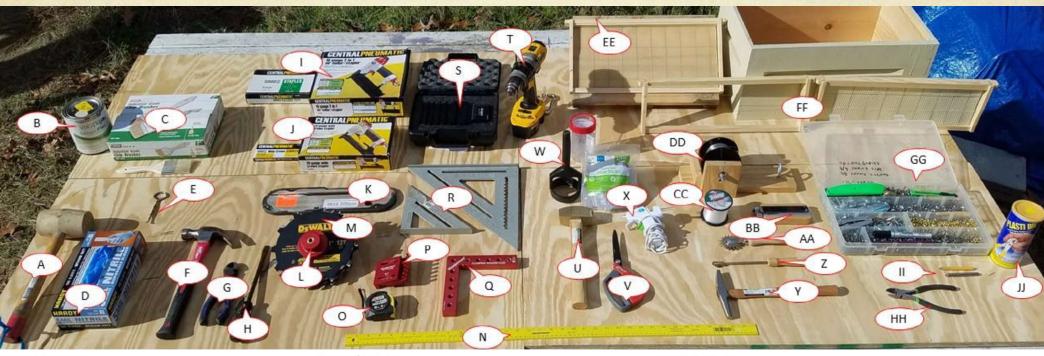
Pictured items:

- A. Black and Decker corded leaf blower model # BV3600
- B. WEN 12-Inch Variable Speed Drill Press Model # 4214
- C. Kobalt roller stand Model #SGY-WS5
- D. Bostitch 6-Gallon Single Stage Portable Electric Pancake Air Compressor
- E. Dewalt 10-inch job site table saw. Model# DWE7491RS
- F. Kobalt 42-Inch saw horses

Pictured items:

- G. Dewalt 12-inch sliding miter saw Model # DWS780
- H. Dewalt heavy duty stand model # DWX723
- I. Bag for plastic jars for sugar shaker jar kits
- J. Scrap wood trash can for use in other projects
- K. Trash can for trash
- L. Rubber stall mats

Make your own woodenware – Hand tools



Pictured items:

- A. Rubber mallet
- B. Mis-tinted latex paint
- C. Harbor Freight 2" paint brushes
- D. Harbor Freight Hardy nitrile gloves
- E. Paint can opener
- F. 16 oz claw hammer
- G. 6 inch diagonal wire cutters
- H. Large flat tip screwdriver
- . Harbor Freight: Pneumatic nail gun # 63156
- J. Harbor Freight: Pneumatic stapler # 68029
- Zero clearance table saw insert plate
- L. Woodpeckers one-time tool: Dado setup fixture
- M. DeWalt 8" dado set
- N. Metal vard stick

Pictured items:

- O. 16' tape measure
- P. Woodpeckers one-time tool: Gap gauge
- Q. Woodpeckers tool: Clamping squares
- R. Johnson squares (7" and 12")
- S. Infinity Tools: Precision setup blocks
- T. DeWalt cordless drill with 1/8" drill bit
- U. 2 lb. brass hammer
- V. Wiss 10-inch general purpose scisssors
- W. MSC brand 2 3/4"Arch Punch (for sugar shake jars) Sugar shake jar is shown behind the Punch
- X. AdTech high temp mini glue gun
- Y. Harbor Freight: Pittsburg 7 oz tack hammer
- Z. Crimp wire groove spur embedder (small head) (Best)
- AA. Crimp wire spur embedder (large head) (worst type)

Pictured items:

- BB. Wood handle foundation wire crimper (Best type)
- CC. 15 lb. fishing line (for cross wiring foundation)
- DD. Metal wire dispenser (homemade) for foundation cross wires
- EE. Form board (shown with deep hive body on it with fishing line cross wires) Board is used with metal wire cross foundation wires
- FF. Medium frames with metal cross wires (with and without foundation)
- GG.Nail kit (Plano brand small parts box)

HH.Diagonal wire cutters

- I. Small tip gromet tool (shown with and without Plasti Dip coating)
- JJ. Plasti Dip coating (keeps tools from rusting)

Medium hive body in background shows the plunge cut dado handles

- Honey extraction
 - Not recommended for 1st year beekeepers
 - A separate presentation is planned for honey extraction — Brief equipment is presented here
 - Methods
 - Crush and strain (destroys the comb)
 - Extractor (reuse the comb)
 - Extractors
 - Manual (hand crank)
 - Electric
 - Radial extractor
 - Tangential extractor
 - *Mine is Maxant 3100P



- Honey extraction
 - Uncapping tank
 - Stainless steel (Maxant is about \$400)
 - *Plastic (Mann Lake is around \$175)
 - Uncapping tools
 - Uncapping scratcher / fork
 - Uncapping cold knife
 - Uncapping electric knife
 - Uncapping electric knife with temperature control
 - Uncapping Plane (left or right handed)
 - Uncapping Punch / Roller









